FANNETT-METAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of School Directors Fannett-Metal School District Willow Hill, Pennsylvania

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fannett-Metal School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate, Discretely-Presented, Component Unit

The financial statements do not include the financial data for the District's legally-separate, component unit, the Fannett-Metal Education Foundation. We were not engaged to audit the financial statements of the Fannett-Metal Education Foundation as part of our audit of Fannett-Metal School District's basic financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the District's primary government. As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of Fannett-Metal School District, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that comprise the District's legal entity. Because of this departure, the financial data of Fannett-Metal Education Foundation was not included as a discretely-presented, component unit in the financial statements of the District. The amounts by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues and expenses of the financial statements have not been determined.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Aggregate, Discretely-Presented, Component Unit", the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fannett-Metal School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted Management's Discussion & Analysis which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Boyu & Sitter

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania October 30, 2020

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activity		Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,198,040	\$ 19,297	\$	4,217,337
Receivables				
Taxes - net of allowance for uncollectibles	235,886	-		235,886
Federal subsidies	121,163	-		121,163
State subsidies	311,868	-		311,868
Other	7,411	-		7,411
Due from other governments	7,804	-		7,804
Inventories	-	15,486		15,486
Prepaid expenses	1,895	25		1,920
Capital Assets				
Land and construction-in-progress	668,580	-		668,580
Other capital assets - net of depreciation	1,910,794	15,679		1,926,473
Total capital assets	 2,579,374	15,679		2,595,053
Total assets	7,463,441	50,487		7,513,928
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts on pension liability	1,269,575	31,094		1,300,669
Deferred amounts on OPEB liabilities	237,454	6,623		244,077
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,507,029	37,717		1,544,746

Total assets and deferred			
outflows of resources	\$ 8,970,470	\$ 88,204	\$ 9,058,674

		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activity			Total
LIABILITIES		Activities		Activity		Total
Accounts payable	\$	23,056	\$	_	\$	23,056
Accrued salaries and benefits	Ψ	719,329	Ψ	_	Ψ	719,329
Payroll withholdings		739		_		739
Unearned revenue		107,413		5,054		112,467
Long-term liabilities		107,110		2,00		112, 107
Compensated absences		183,590		_		183,590
Net pension liability		10,115,681		317,319		10,433,000
Other post-employment benefit liabilities		966,960		27,815		994,775
Total long-term liabilities		11,266,231		345,134		11,611,365
Total liabilities		12,116,768		350,188		12,466,956
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amounts on pension liability Deferred amounts on OPEB liabilities		862,090 65,845		26,910 1,612		889,000 67,457
Total deferred inflows of resources		927,935		28,522		956,457
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Capital projects		2,579,374 951,418		15,679		2,595,053 951,418
Unrestricted		(7,605,025)		(306,185)		(7,911,210)
Total net position		(4,074,233)		(290,506)		(4,364,739)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	8,970,470	\$	88,204	\$	9,058,674

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Year Ended June 30, 2020			Program Revenu	ies	,	es and tion	
			Operating	Capital			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activity	Total
Governmental Activities:							
Instructional	\$ 5,317,651	\$ 642	\$ 1,542,994	\$ -	\$ (3,774,015)	\$ -	\$ (3,774,015)
Instructional student support	757,394	-	98,771	-	(658,623)	-	(658,623)
Administration and financial support	940,108	-	98,923	-	(841,185)	-	(841,185)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	567,976	5,665	33,056	-	(529,255)	=	(529,255)
Pupil transportation	470,047	-	325,320	-	(144,727)	-	(144,727)
Student activities	176,284	21,665	45,196	-	(109,423)	-	(109,423)
Facilities acquisition, construction and							
improvement services	-	-	-	262,964	262,964	-	262,964
Total governmental activities	8,229,460	27,972	2,144,260	262,964	(5,794,264)	-	(5,794,264)
Business-Type Activity:							
Food Service	261,342	81,345	132,838	-	-	(47,159)	(47,159)
Total School District	\$ 8,490,802	\$ 109,317	\$ 2,277,098	\$ 262,964	\$ (5,794,264)	\$ (47,159)	\$ (5,841,423)
General Revenues and Transfers:							
Property taxes, levied for general purposes, net					\$ 2,881,310	\$ -	\$ 2,881,310
Public utility, realty transfer, earned income and		for general nur	noses net		496,821	-	496,821
Grants, subsidies and contributions	a per capita taxes	Tor general par	poses, net		2,504,007	_	2,504,007
Earnings on investments					57,250	134	57,384
Miscellaneous income					5,460	-	5,460
Transfers					(42,066)	42,066	-
Total general revenues and transfers					5,902,782	42,200	5,944,982
<u> </u>							
Changes in net position					108,518	(4,959)	103,559
Net Position - July 1, 2019					(4,182,751)	(285,547)	(4,468,298)
Net Position - June 30, 2020					\$ (4,074,233)	\$ (290,506)	\$ (4,364,739)

$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS} \\ \textbf{June 30, 2020} \end{array}$

June 30, 2020				Total
		Capital	G	overnmental
	General	Projects		Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,246,622	\$ 951,418	\$	4,198,040
Receivables				
Taxes - net of allowance for uncollectibles	235,886	-		235,886
Federal subsidies	121,163	-		121,163
State subsidies	311,868	-		311,868
Intergovernmental	7,804	-		7,804
Other	7,411	-		7,411
Prepaid expense	 1,895	-		1,895
Total assets	\$ 3,932,649	\$ 951,418	\$	4,884,067
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 23,056	\$ -	\$	23,056
Accrued salaries and benefits	719,329	-		719,329
Payroll withholdings	739	-		739
Unearned revenue	107,413	-		107,413
Total liabilities	850,537	-		850,537
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable tax revenue	130,814	_		130,814
Chavanaore aux revenue	130,014			130,014
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid expenditures	1,895	-		1,895
Restricted				
Capital projects	-	951,418		951,418
Committed				
Future healthcare benefits	575,000	-		575,000
Future retirement increases	523,500	-		523,500
Future capital projects	590,000	-		590,000
Future technology	150,000	-		150,000
Future payout of sick leave balances	34,450	-		34,450
Future instructional materials	50,000	-		50,000
Future food service fund transfers	50,000	-		50,000
Assigned				
Future athletic activities	22,990	-		22,990
Unassigned	953,463	-		953,463
Total fund balances	2,951,298	951,418		3,902,716
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 3,932,649	\$ 951,418	\$	4,884,067

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	3,902,716
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, they are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is \$6,825,534, and the accumulated depreciation is \$4,246,160.		2,579,374
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, they are deferred inflows of resources in the funds.		130,814
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, they are not reported within the funds. Deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions are as follows: Deferred outflows Deferred outflows		(862,090) 1,269,575
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, they are not reported within the funds. Deferred inflows and outflows related to OPEB are as follows: Deferred outflows Deferred outflows		(65,845) 237,454
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other post-employment benefits, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Compensated absences (183,590) Net pension liability (10,115,681) Other post-employment benefits (966,960)	-	(11.055.001)
		(11,266,231)
Total net position - governmental activities	→	(4,074,233)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	Capital Projects		G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 3,581,366	\$	10,612	\$	3,591,978
State sources	4,331,971		-		4,331,971
Federal sources	 448,292		-		448,292
Total revenues	8,361,629		10,612		8,372,241
Expenditures					
Instructional	5,256,865		-		5,256,865
Support services	2,760,939		-		2,760,939
Operation of non-instructional services	172,018		-		172,018
Construction/improvement services	251,575		-		251,575
Total expenditures	8,441,397		-		8,441,397
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(79,768)		10,612		(69,156)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	253		-		253
Interfund transfers	(42,066)		-		(42,066)
Total other financing uses	(41,813)		-		(41,813)
Net changes in fund balances	(121,581)		10,612		(110,969)
Fund Balances - July 1, 2019	3,072,879		940,806		4,013,685
Fund Balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 2,951,298	\$	951,418	\$	3,902,716

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net changes in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ (110,969)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are di	fferent because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the period. Capital outlays	326,361	
Less depreciation expense	(135,045)	191,316
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, trade-ins and donations) is to decrease net position.		(1,367)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the Disfiscal year-end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the government funds. Deferred property taxes increased by this amount this year.		7,551
Governmental funds report District pension and OPEB conributions as expenditure However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension and OPEB expense. District pension and OPEB contributions (PSERS) Cost of benefits earned - net of employee contributions (PSERS)	es.	1,062,000 (1,003,089)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences		(2,718)
Other post-employment benefits (District Plan)		(34,206)
Change in net position - governmental activities		\$ 108,518

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual]	Variance Favorable (nfavorable)
Revenues			<u> </u>	
Local sources				
Real estate taxes	\$ 2,722,759	\$ 2,725,778	\$	3,019
Public utility realty tax	3,200	3,038		(162)
Payments in lieu of taxes	14,000	14,392		392
Per capita taxes	13,200	13,366		166
Occupation tax	13,200	13,366		166
Earned income tax	400,000	414,203		14,203
Real estate transfer taxes	55,000	49,548		(5,452)
Delinquent real estate taxes	135,000	133,590		(1,410)
Delinquent per capita taxes	1,600	3,300		1,700
Earnings on investments	54,000	46,638		(7,362)
Revenues from District activities	1,800	21,932		20,132
Intermediary sources (pass-through funds)				
IDEA, Part B	96,000	93,507		(2,493)
IDEA, Part B, Section 619	500	3,080		2,580
Rentals	5,500	5,500		-
Contributions and donations	30,900	34,381		3,481
Tuition from patrons	360	540		180
Refunds and other local revenue	4,000	5,207		1,207
Total revenues from local sources	3,551,019	3,581,366		30,347
State sources				
Basic education	2,474,474	2,392,908		(81,566)
Section 1305 and 1306	9,700	3,398		(6,302)
Special education	352,141	352,277		136
Pre-K Counts	144,500	148,750		4,250
Transportation	311,700	325,320		13,620
Building reimbursement subsidy	-	5,904		5,904
Health services	9,200	8,721		(479)
State property tax reduction	111,099	111,099		-
Safe schools	-	262,964		262,964
Ready to learn block grant	-	76,871		76,871
Social security reimbursement	114,100	111,711		(2,389)
Retirement reimbursement	503,400	532,048		28,648
Total revenues from state sources	 4,030,314	4,331,971		301,657

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance
	Original and		Favorable
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues (Continued)			
Federal sources			
Title I Improving the Academic Achievement			
of the Disadvantaged	302,054	302,026	(28)
Title II Preparing, Training and Recruiting High Quality			
Teachers and Partners	42,371	41,773	(598)
Title IV	17,707	22,533	4,826
Medical access	11,000	19,843	8,843
Rural and Low Income	9,564	9,586	22
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	_	52,531	52,531
Total revenues from Federal sources	382,696	448,292	65,596
Total revenues	7,964,029	8,361,629	397,600
Expenditures			
Instructional			
Regular programs	3,867,977	3,862,913	5,064
Special programs	924,872	1,064,680	(139,808)
Vocational-educational programs	101,921	101,412	509
Other instructional programs	70,955	79,110	(8,155)
Pre-Kindergarten	140,100	148,750	(8,650)
Total instructional	5,105,825	5,256,865	(151,040)
Support Services			
Pupil personnel	227,586	227,865	(279)
Instructional staff	435,053	397,851	37,202
Administration	736,197	777,979	(41,782)
Pupil health	154,500	148,223	6,277
Business	171,186	167,432	3,754
Operation and maintenance of plant services	572,390	567,896	4,494
Student transportation services	464,825	470,047	(5,222)
Other support services	3,700	3,646	54
Total support services	2,765,437	2,760,939	4,498
Operation of Non-instructional Services			
Student activities	153,161	172,018	(18,857)
Total operation of non-instructional services	153,161	172,018	(18,857)

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Variance
	Original and		Favorable
	Final Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Expenditures (Continued)			
Construction and			
improvement services	-	251,575	(251,575)
Total expenditures	8,024,423	8,441,397	(416,974)
Deficiency of revenues			
over expenditures	(60,394)	(79,768)	(19,374)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	-	253	253
Interfund transfers		(42,066)	(42,066)
Total other financing uses	-	(41,813)	(41,813)
Net changes in fund balance	\$ (60,394)	(121,581)	\$ (61,187)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2019		3,072,879	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2020		\$ 2,951,298	-
		-	=

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE

June 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,297
Inventories	15,486
Prepaid expense	25
Total current assets	34,808
Noncurrent Assets	
Furniture and equipment - net	 15,679
Total assets	 50,487
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts on pension liability	31,094
Deferred amounts on OPEB liabilities	 6,623
Total deferred outflows of resources	37,717
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 88,204
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Unearned revenue	\$ 5,054
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Net pension liability	317,319
OPEB liabilities	 27,815
Total noncurrent liabilities	 345,134
Total liabilities	 350,188
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amounts on pension liability	26,910
Deferred amounts on OPEB liabilities	 1,612
Total deferred inflows of resources	28,522
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets	15,679
Unrestricted	 (306,185)
Total net position	 (290,506)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 88,204

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Operating Revenues	
Food service revenue	\$ 81,345
Operating Expenses	
Salaries	93,205
Employee benefits	63,313
Food and milk	73,657
Supplies	5,486
Repairs	3,303
Storage	834
Donated commodities used	17,701
Depreciation	3,324
Other operating expenditures	519
Total operating expenses	261,342
Operating loss	(179,997)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Investment earnings	134
State subsidies	22,019
Federal subsidies	93,118
Value of donated commodities	17,701
Total nonoperating revenues	132,972
Loss before transfers	(47,025)
Interfund Transfers	42,066
Change in net position	(4,959)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	(285,547)
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ (290,506)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Cash received from meal sales	\$ 82,990
Cash payments to employees for services	(150,511)
Cash payments for goods and services	(91,557)
Net cash used in operating activities	(159,078)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	
State subsidies	22,019
Federal subsidies	93,118
Transfers from other funds	42,066
Net cash provided by noncapital	
financing activities	 157,203
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Investment earnings	 134
Net decrease in cash	(1,741)
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
July 1, 2019	21,038
June 30, 2020	\$ 19,297

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used	
in Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (179,997)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net	
cash used in operating activities	
Depreciation	3,324
Value of donated commodities	17,701
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
(Increase) decrease in:	
Inventories	(7,733)
Prepaid expenses	(25)
Deferred outflows of resources	11,655
(Decrease) increase in:	
Unearned revenue	1,645
Net pension liability	(18,000)
OPEB liabilities	2,195
Deferred inflows of resources	10,157
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (159,078)
Supplemental Disclosure	
Noncash noncapital financing activity	
USDA donated commodities	\$ 17,701

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Sc	ombined holarship ust Funds	Activity Fund		
ASSETS					
Cash Investments	\$	2,290 51,918	\$	115,732	
Total assets	\$	54,208	\$	115,732	
LIABILITIES					
Due to student groups	\$	-	\$	115,732	
NET POSITION					
Restricted for scholarships		54,208		-	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	54,208	\$	115,732	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - SCHOLARSHIP TRUST FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Additions	
Interest	\$ 538
Total additions	538
Deductions	
Scholarships	900
Other	20
Total deductions	920
Change in net position	(382)
Net Position - July 1, 2019	54,590
Net Position - June 30, 2020	\$ 54,208

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fannett-Metal School District (District), operates a public-school system within the Townships of Fannett and Metal in Franklin County and part of Toboyne Township in Perry County. The District operates under current standards prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of the School Laws of Pennsylvania. The District operates under a locally-elected, ninemember, Board form of government.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the authoritative, standard-setting body for the establishment of governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements include only the primary government of Fannett-Metal School District, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments and offices that comprise the District's legal entity. These primary government financial statements do not include the financial data for the legally separate component unit, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be included as part of the financial reporting entity.

The GASB defines the criteria used to determine the composition of the reporting entity. These standards require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, (3) organizations that are fiscally dependent on the primary government and a financial benefit or burden exists and (4) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that the exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District is not a component unit of any other entity.

The following organization is a component unit of Fannett-Metal School District, but is not included in these primary government financial statements:

Fannett-Metal Education Foundation: Fannett-Metal Education Foundation is governed by a twelve-member board. Although it is legally separate from the District, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the District under generally accepted governmental accounting principles because its sole purpose is to provide benefit to the District and its students through funding of grants and programs. If the Foundation was included in these financial statements, the Foundation would be presented as a discretely presented component unit in the District's government-wide financial statements. Separate financial statements of the Foundation are available by contacting the Foundation at 14901 Path Valley Road, Willow Hill, PA 17271.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate, fund financial statements are provided in the report for all of the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds of the District, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic-resources-measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by providers have been met. Net position (total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) are used as a practical measure of economic resources, and the operating statement includes all transactions and events that increased or decreased net position. Depreciation is charged as an expense against current operations, and accumulated depreciation is reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Governmental-fund financial statements are reported using the current-financial-resources-measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current, fiscal year. Revenues from Federal, state and other grants designated for payment of specific District expenditures are recognized when the related expenditures are incurred; accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenue until earned. Expenditures generally are recorded when liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payments are due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted (including committed, assigned and unassigned) resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use the resources with the most stringent restrictions first, followed by resources in decreasing order of restrictions, as funds are needed.

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisitions, uses and balances of the District's expendable, financial resources and related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is used to account for all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are primarily derived from local property, earned income and other taxes, and state and federal subsidies. Many of the more important activities of the District, including instruction, administration and certain non-instructional services are accounted for in this fund. This is a legally budgeted fund, and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

Capital Projects Fund: The Capital Reserve Fund (Section 2932 is authorized by Pennsylvania Law 145, Act of April 30, 1943, known as School Laws of Pennsylvania) accounts for (1) monies transferred during any fiscal year from appropriations made for any particular purpose which may not be needed, (2) surplus monies in the General Fund of the District at the end of any fiscal year and (3) interest earnings on the fund itself. These funds must be used for capital improvements.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those activities found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income and capital maintenance. The District operates one proprietary fund, the Food Service Fund. This fund is used for all financial transactions related to food-service operations. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal on-going operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's proprietary fund is food service charges. Operating expenses for the District's proprietary fund include food production costs, supplies, administrative costs and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues or expenses not meeting these classifications are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District does not attempt to allocate "building wide costs" to the Food Service Fund. Thus, General Fund expenditures which partially benefit the Food Service Fund (utilities, janitorial services, insurance, etc.) are not proportionately recognized within the Food Service Fund; similarly, the Food Service Fund does not recognize a cost for the building space it occupies (no rental-of-facilities expense).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity. There are two major types of fiduciary funds established by a formal trust agreement that place restrictions on the use of the fund's assets and agency funds that account for the resources of another entity for which the District has custodial responsibility.

The District accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity in private-purpose trust funds. These funds account for activities of the various scholarship accounts, the sole purpose of which is to award annual scholarships to deserving students as prescribed by donor stipulations.

The Activity Fund accounts for the monies authorized by Section 511 of the Public School Code of 1949 (the Code) for school publications and organizations. The Activity Fund is an Agency Fund which is separate from other Agency Funds because of legal requirements. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency Funds are also accounted for using the modified-accrual basis of accounting.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted for the General Fund, on the modified accrual basis of accounting, prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required. The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to the adoption of the District's budget and the reporting of its financial statements:

The District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.

The District is required to publish notice by advertisement, at least once in two newspapers of general circulation in the municipality in which the District is located, and within fifteen days of final action, that the proposed budget has been prepared and is available for public inspection at the administrative office of the District.

Notice that public hearings will be held on the proposed operating budget must be included in the advertisement; such hearings are required to be scheduled at least ten days prior to when final action on adoption is taken by the Board.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major-object level. By legislative action and according to the Code, the Board of School Directors may transfer funds appropriated for any particular expenditure. Management may amend the budget at the sub-function/sub-object level without Board approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effects of approved budget amendments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows presented for the proprietary fund, the District considers all highly-liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments are stated at fair value or at amortized costs, depending on the investment type, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Allowance for Estimated Uncollectible Taxes: The allowance for estimated uncollectible taxes is based upon an historical estimate of delinquent taxes that will not be received within one year of the fiscal year-end. The portion of taxes receivable which is expected to be received within sixty days of June 30 is recorded as revenue in the current year. The remaining amount of taxes receivable which is expected to be received within one year from June 30 is recorded as delinquent property taxes. All other amounts in taxes receivable are written off as estimated uncollectible taxes.

<u>Inventories</u>: Inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis, and are expensed when used.

A physical inventory of the Food Service Fund's food and supplies was taken as of June 30, 2020. The inventory consisted of government-donated commodities which were valued at their estimated fair market values, and purchased commodities and supplies, both of which were valued at cost using the FIFO method. The District has adopted an inventory recordkeeping system which distinguishes between donated and purchased commodities. Accordingly, unearned revenue for donated commodities has been recorded.

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation</u>: General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities' column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective fund.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is not capitalized unless it is incurred in a proprietary fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets and Depreciation (Continued)</u>: All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental	Business-Type
	Activities	Activities
Site improvements	20 years	N/A
Buildings and improvements	20 - 30 years	N/A
Furniture and equipment		
(including vehicles and textbooks)	5 - 10 years	5 - 12 years

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions</u>: The District recognizes the difference between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions and the contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows of resources. These amounts are amortized over the average remaining service lives of active and inactive members.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other Post-Employment Benefits</u>: The District recognizes changes in assumptions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings, benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date and contributions subsequent to the measurement date as deferred outflows of resources. These amounts are amortized over the average remaining service lives of active and inactive members.

<u>Interfund Activity/Internal Balances</u>: Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. Interfund balances and transactions are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

Exchange transactions, if any, between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond insurance is deferred as a prepaid expense and amortized over the lives of the bonds. Other issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of issued debt and related premiums are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, withheld or not withheld from debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Liability for compensated absences is accounted for in accordance with the provisions of the GASB. These provisions require entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation or sick leave, as such benefits are earned, and payment becomes probable.

Vacation leave only applies to twelve-month employees. Unused vacation leave is accrued at June 30, 2020, in the Statement of Net Position and expensed in the Statement of Activities. Sick leave is granted as appropriate, and a provision is made annually in the budget for the cost of substitute personnel. There is payment for unused sick leave at the time of retirement with 20 years of service or at age 62. Rates paid vary depending on employee classification. The amount of vested sick pay is reflected in the government wide financial statements.

Payments for vacation and sick pay are expensed as paid in the governmental fund financial statements.

Other Post-Employment Benefits: In the government-wide financial statements, the District recognizes the costs and liabilities associated with post-employment benefits other than pension compensation. The District participates in two plans the first is a single employer plan administered by the District. The plan provides retiree health, vision, dental care and prescription drug benefits for eligible retired employees and their qualified spouses/beneficiaries. The District estimates the cost of providing these benefits through an actuarial valuation.

The District also participates in a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer other post-employment benefit plan (OPEB) with PSERS for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued):

The balances of the District's OPEB obligations and deferred resources at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activites		Total	
OPEB Liabilities						
District's Single Employer Plan	\$	505,960	\$	14,815	\$	520,775
PSERS Cost Sharing Plan		461,000		13,000		474,000
Total OPEB Liabilities	\$	966,960	\$	27,815	\$	994,775
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
District's Single Employer Plan	\$	191,454	\$	5,623	\$	197,077
PSERS Cost Sharing Plan		46,000		1,000		47,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources						
on OPEB Liabilities	\$	237,454	\$	6,623	\$	244,077
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
District's Single Employer Plan	\$	20,845	\$	612	\$	21,457
PSERS Cost Sharing Plan		45,000		1,000		46,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						
on OPEB Liabilities	\$	65,845	\$	1,612	\$	67,457

Additional disclosures related to other post-employment benefits of the District's Single Employer Plan and PSERS Cost Sharing Plan are in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions</u>: The District recognizes the difference between expected and actual experience and changes in proportion as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are amortized over the average remaining services lives of active and inactive members.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources - Other Post-Employment Benefits</u>: The District recognizes the changes in assumptions, changes in proportions and the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of total contributions as deferred inflows of resources. These amounts are amortized over the average remaining service lives of active and inactive members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources - Delinquent Property Taxes</u>: The District recognizes property tax revenues when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year-end. Those property tax receivables expected to be collected after sixty days after year-end are shown as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

Fund Balance:

The District's fund balance classifications are defined and described as follows:

<u>Non-spendable</u>: Represents fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form or are contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Represents fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes through restrictions of external parties, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Represents fund balance amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to the constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of School Directors, the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes the constraints or changes the specified purpose through the same action it used to commit the funds.

<u>Assigned</u>: Represents fund balance amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to use the amounts for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Through Board policy, the Board has delegated the authority to express intent to the District's Business Manager.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Represents fund balance amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

The District has a Board policy which prescribes fund balance guidelines.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: In preparing these financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through October 30, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. See Note 16.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

Section 440.1 of the Pennsylvania Public School Code of 1949 as amended and supplemented by Act 10 of 2016 define allowable investments for school districts, which are summarized as follows:

- United States Treasury Bills;
- Short-term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities;
- Deposits in savings accounts or time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the
 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation
 or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund to the extent that such accounts are so
 insured, and, for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as
 provided by law therefore shall be pledged by the depository;
- Obligations of the United States of America or any of its agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the respective governmental entity;
- Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940;
- Local Government Investment Pools;
- Repurchase agreement with respect to U.S. Treasury bills or obligations, participations or other instruments of or guaranteed by the U.S. or any federal agency, instrumentality, or U.S. government-sponsored enterprise;
- Obligations, participations or other instruments of any federal agency, instrumentality or United States government-sponsored enterprise if the debt obligations are rated at least "A" or its equivalent;
- Commercial paper issued by corporations or other business entities organized in accordance with federal or state law, with a maturity not to exceed 270 days;
- Bills of exchange or time drafts drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank, otherwise known as bankers' acceptances, if the banker's acceptances do not exceed 180 days maturity;
- Negotiable certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit, with a remaining maturity of three years or less.

The deposit and investment policies of the District adhere to state statutes and prudent business practices. There were no deposit or investment transactions during the year that violated either state statutes or District policies.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial-Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial-credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's investments may not be returned to it. A summary of the District's deposits, which include certificates of deposit at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Carrying	Bank		Financial
Amount Balance		Balance	Institution
\$ 250,000	\$	250,000	Orrstown Bank
516,341		563,082	Orrstown Bank
\$ 766,341	\$	813,082	
	Amount \$ 250,000 516,341	Amount \$ 250,000 \$ 516,341	Amount Balance \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 516,341 563,082

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents as presented on the Statement of Net Position includes petty cash of \$150.

Act 72 of 1971, as amended, is an act standardizing the procedures for pledges of assets to secure deposits of public funds with banking institutions pursuant to other laws; establishing a standard rule for the types, amounts and valuations of assets eligible to be used as collateral for deposits of public funds; permitting assets to be pledged against deposits on a pooled basis; and authorizing the appointment of custodians to act as the pledgors of the assets.

Credit Risk - Investments

The District has a formal written policy that limits the investments that are not backed by the "full faith and credit" of the federal or state government to those with the highest two credit ratings available for such investments issued by a recognized organization.

Investments in PSDLAF are subject to income, market and credit risk related to the potential decline in current income, the potential for a decline in market value and the potential that an issuer of securities held in the investment portfolios of the fund would fail to make timely payments of principal and interest payments, respectively.

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments:

	Weighted	
Credit	Average	Carrying
Rating	Maturity	Value
AAAm	71 days	\$ 2,620,786
N/A	30 days	1,000,000
		\$ 3,620,786
	Rating AAAm	Credit Average Rating Maturity AAAm 71 days

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - Investments (Continued)

Certain external pool investments held by the District, based on portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity measures, qualify for measurement at amortized cost at both the pool and the participating government levels consistent with GASB Statement No. 79. The District measures those investments, which include PSDLAF-Max Series, at amortized cost.

PSDLAF-Max Series - This fund invests in securities such as U.S. treasury obligations; securities issued by the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities; collateralized or government agency LOC-backed bank deposits; and repurchase agreements collateralized by such securities and contracted with highly-rated counterparties. The pool will hold at least 50% of its assets in securities rated 'A-1+' by Standards & Poor's, with the remainder held in securities rated 'A-1'. The fund is required to maintain a weighted average maturity to reset of no longer than 60 days. PSDLAF-Max Series does not have limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

PSDLAF Full Flex Pool, as part of the fixed term series at PSDLAF, are fixed term investments collateralized in accordance with Act 72 and invests in assets listed above as permitted under Section 440.1 of the Code. The Fixed Term Series consists of fixed term investments with maturities dependent upon maturities of each Series. A Settlor's investments in a Fixed Term Series are intended to be deposited for the full term of the Series; however, participants in the full flex pool may remove funds without early withdrawal penalty. Whether a Fixed Term Series has only one Settlor or more than one Settlor participating in it, each certificate of deposit in which the monies in such Fixed Term Series are invested is registered in the name of that Series. Certificates of deposit used for Fixed Term Series (i) are normally in principal amounts in excess of the FDIC insurance limit of \$250,000, (ii) are collateralized in accordance with law and (iii) the collateral is held by a third-party custodian pursuant to a custody agreement among the Fund, the bank that issues the certificate of deposit and the third-party custodian. In some instances, the collateral consists of an Irrevocable Letter of Credit issued by the applicable Federal Home Loan Bank. At present, The Bank of New York serves as the third-party custodian with respect to all such collateralized certificates of deposit. Permitted Investments (other than certificates of deposit) such as U.S. Treasury or Agency securities in which monies in which a Fixed Term Series are invested are registered in the name or names of the Settlor or Settlors for which the Fixed Term Series was created, and the security is held in custody by a third-party custodian pursuant to a custody agreement between the Investment Adviser and the third-party custodian. At present, US Bank National Association, Minneapolis, Minnesota serves as the third-party custodian with respect to all such securities. The District reports these nonparticipating contracts, as nonnegotiable certificates of deposit with redemption terms that do not consider market rates, using a cost-based measure, provided that the fair value of those contracts is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or other factors consistent with GASB Statement No. 31.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk - Investments (Continued)

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Presently, the investments currently held by the District are valued at amortized cost and are not subject to the fair value categorization disclosures.

Weighted-Average Maturity

The weighted-average maturity (WAM) method expresses investment time horizons - the time when investments become due and payable - in years or months, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments within an investment type. In this illustration, WAMs are computed for each investment type. The portfolio's WAM is derived by dollar-weighting the WAM for each investment type.

<u>Interest-Rate Risk - Investments</u>

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The District does not have a formal written investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments in the PSDLAF-MAX are not subject to interest rate risk as the funds are accessible on a daily basis and the interest rates change daily based on market conditions.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the District's investments were in PSDLAF.

Policies Followed at PSDLAF

Regulatory Oversight - The operation of PSDLAF is governed by an eleven-member Board of Trustees, nine of whom are elected and two of whom serve as ex officio. The Trustees have full, exclusive and absolute control and authority over the business of the Fund and its assets, subject to rights of the Settlors as provided in the Declaration of Trust.

PSDLAF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC); however, PSDLAF follows investment procedures similar to procedures followed by SEC registered money market funds.

The District has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals on accounts held at PSDLAF.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Taxes

The District collects property taxes, earned income taxes, per capita and occupational taxes, and other taxes and fees primarily from taxpayers located in the Townships of Fannett and Metal in Franklin County and part of Toboyne Township in Perry County, Pennsylvania.

Real estate taxes are considered fully collectible since liens can be filed on properties. The uncollectible portion of per capita taxes was estimated based on previous collection experience.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1 on assessed property values. The tax bills are mailed by the Tax Collectors on July 1 and are payable as follows:

Discount July 1 - August 31
Face September 1 - October 31
Penalty November 1 - January 15

After January 15, the bills are considered delinquent and turned over to the Franklin or Perry Tax Claim Bureau for collection.

The District's tax rate for all purposes in 2019-2020 was 80.50 mills (\$80.50 per \$1,000 assessed valuation) for Franklin County and 8.90 mills (\$8.90 per \$1,000 assessed valuation) for Perry County. Refunds on payments of prior-year taxes are classified as other debt service items under the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania accounting system. Current tax collections for the District were approximately 95.62% of the total tax levy.

As of June 30, 2020, the District does not offer any tax abatement programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Taxes Receivable and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Taxes receivable and related accounts at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Amount
Taxes Receivable	\$ 239,037
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(3,151)
Taxes Receivable - Net	\$ 235,886
Taxes to be collected within 60 days	\$ 105,072
Deferred inflows of resources - delinquent taxes	130,814
Taxes Receivable - Net	\$ 235,886
Deferred Inflows of Resources - General Fund	
Unearned tax revenue	\$ 130,814

Note 5. Interfund Accounts and Transfers

There were no interfund fund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2020.

All interfund receivable/payable balances result from time lags between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occurred, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be repaid within the following year.

Operating transfer activity between funds at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Tr	ansfers In	Tra	ansfers Out
Governmental Funds				_
General Fund	\$	-	\$	42,066
Proprietary Fund - Food Service		42,066		-
	\$	42,066	\$	42,066

Transfers and payments within the District are substantially for purposes of subsidizing operating functions, funding capital projects and asset acquisitions, or maintaining debt service on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various projects or programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the District consists of the following as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Balances						Balances
	J	uly 1, 2019		Increases	I	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	668,580	\$	-	\$	-	\$	668,580
Construction-in-progress		80,735		-		(80,735)		
Total capital assets, not								
being depreciated	_	749,315		- .		(80,735)		668,580
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Site improvements		646,459		-		-		646,459
Buildings and improvements		4,608,812		347,343		-		4,956,155
Furniture and equipment		536,670		59,753		(42,083)		554,340
Total capital assets,	-	,		,		, , ,		,
being depreciated		5,791,941		407,096		(42,083)		6,156,954
Less accumulated depreciation								
Site improvements		410,594		23,593		_		434,187
Buildings and improvements		3,273,990		96,555		_		3,370,545
Furniture and equipment		467,247		14,897		(40,716)		441,428
Total accumulated depreciation		4,151,831		135,045		(40,716)		4,246,160
Total capital assets, being		1,640,110		272,051		(1,367)		1.010.704
depreciated, net		1,040,110		272,031		(1,307)		1,910,794
Governmental Activities,								
Capital Assets - Net	\$	2,389,425	\$	272,051	\$	(82,102)	\$	2,579,374
Business-Type Activity								
Furniture and equipment	\$	101,945	\$	_	\$	_	\$	101,945
	Ψ	*	Ψ	(2.224)	Ψ		Ψ	*
Accumulated depreciation		(82,942)		(3,324)		-		(86,266)
Business-Type Activity, Capital Assets - Net	\$	19,003	\$	(3,324)	\$		\$	15,679
Assets - Net	Ф	19,003	Ψ	(3,324)	Ψ		Ψ	13,079

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2020, was charged to the District's functions/programs as follows:

	Amount
Governmental Activities	
Instructional	\$ 72,586
Instructional student support	12,434
Administration and financial support	19,010
Operation and maintenance of plant services	26,104
Student activities	4,911
Total governmental activities	135,045
Business-Type Activity	
Food Service	 3,324
Total District	\$ 138,369

Note 7. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Accrued salaries and benefits consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

	Amount
Accrued salaries	\$ 313,715
Retirement	381,929
Social security	23,685
	\$ 719,329

Accrued salaries represent teachers' salaries and non-teaching personnel's salaries earned during the 2019-2020 school year but paid subsequent to June 30, 2020. Accrued retirement represents the PSERS contribution for the second quarter of calendar year 2020, including the portion pertaining to accrued salaries at June 30, 2020. Accrued social security represents the District's liability arising from accrued salaries at June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Long-Term Obligations

The changes in long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

]	Balances]	Balances	Due	Within
	Ju	ly 1, 2019	In	creases	De	creases	Jun	ne 30, 2020	One	Year
Compensated absences	\$	180,872	\$	2,718	\$	-	\$	183,590	\$	-

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - Under the terms of the District's employment policies, employees are granted sick days per school year, and any unused sick days may be carried over to future years. Upon retirement from the District, with 20 years of service or at age 62, employees are reimbursed for accumulated sick days in amounts equal to the number of unused days multiplied by applicable employment contract rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public-school employees; part-time hourly public-school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year; and part-time per-diem public-school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.pa.gov.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2.00% or 2.50%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Member Contributions:

Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.50% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.30% and 12.30%.

Employer Contributions:

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was 34.29% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The 34.29% rate is composed of a contribution rate of 33.45% for pension benefits and 0.84% for healthcare insurance premium assistance (OPEB benefits).

The District is required to pay the entire contribution and will be reimbursed by the Commonwealth in an amount equal to the Commonwealth's share as determined by the income aid ratio (as defined in Act 29 of 1994), which is at least one half of the total District's rate. The District's contributions to the Plan, relating to pension benefits, for the year ended June 30, 2020, totaled \$1,062,376, and is equal to the required contribution for the year. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized gross retirement subsidy revenue from the Commonwealth in the amount of \$545,155.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$10,433,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.02230%, which was a decrease of 0.0007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$993,089. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	57,000	\$	346,000
Changes in assumptions		100,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		30,000
Changes in proportions		61,000		507,000
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total contributions		20,669		6,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,062,000		-
	\$	1,300,669	\$	889,000

\$1,062,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)</u>

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	Amount
2021	\$ (98,331)
2022	(390,000)
2023	(184,000)
2024	20,000
2025	2,000
Thereafter	_
	\$ (650,331)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2019, was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial-cost method Entry-Age normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 7.25% including inflation of 2.75%.
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00% comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Morality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy regarding the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	Long-Term,
Target	Expected, Real
Allocation	Rate-of-Return
20.0%	5.6%
36.0%	1.9%
8.0%	2.7%
10.0%	3.4%
10.0%	4.1%
8.0%	5.5%
10.0%	4.1%
15.0%	7.4%
3.0%	0.3%
-20.0%	0.7%
100.0%	=
	Allocation 20.0% 36.0% 8.0% 10.0% 10.0% 10.0% 3.0% -20.0%

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric, real rates of return for each major-asset class as of June 30, 2019.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Defined-Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current discount rate:

		Current					
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase				
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%				
District's proportionate share of the			_				
net pension liability	\$ 12,995,000	\$ 10,433,000	\$ 8,263,000				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS' website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Plan Payables

At June 30, 2020, the District owes the PSERS pension plan \$372,580 which includes staff payroll accruals and the quarterly PSERS retirement contribution for 2020's second quarter.

Pension Reform

Pursuant to Commonwealth Act 2017-5, members hired on or after July 1, 2019, are required to choose one of three new retirement plan design options for retirement benefits. The current defined benefit plan will no longer be available to new members hired on or after July 1, 2019. The new plan design options include two hybrid plans consisting of defined benefit and defined contribution components. The third option is a standalone defined contribution plan. PSERS school employers will be charged interest at the assumed rate of return, currently 7.25%, for delinquent payments to PSERS rather than 6%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits - District's Single Employer Plan

Plan Description

The District has a healthcare plan for retired employees of the District, which is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The plan provides medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for both the retiree and spouse. To continue coverage upon retirement, the retirees who were either administrators or support staff must reimburse the District for the full amount of the premiums. Currently, the plan has 46 active participants and 1 retired participant.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined by the District. There is no obligation to make contributions in advance of when insurance premiums or claims are due for payment. The District does not maintain or accumulate any assets within a trust in accordance with paragraph 4 of GASB No. 75.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported \$520,775 for the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured at July 1, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation at July 1, 2019. The OPEB liability is composed of the following:

		Amount		
Total OPEB liability at July 1, 2018 \$,	444,599		
Changes for the year				
Service cost		6,187		
Interest		13,067		
Differences between expected and actual experience		92,357		
Changes of assumptions		(11,149)		
Benefit payments		(24,286)		
Net changes		76,176		
Total OPEB liability at July 1, 2019		520,775		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits - District's Single Employer Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Distirct recognized OPEB expense of \$58,999. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources from the following sources:

]	Deferred	I	Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows
	of Resources			Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,041	\$	12,157
Changes in assumptions		96,252		9,300
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date		23,784		
	\$	197,077	\$	21,457

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources, \$23,784 resulting from District benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Amount	Amount	
2021	\$ 39,74	5	
2022	39,74	5	
2023	39,74	5	
2024	39,74	5	
2025	39,74	5	
Thereafter	(46,88	9)	
	\$ 151,830	6	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits - District's Single Employer Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- General Inflation Rate 3.00% less than the ultimate healthcare trend rate.
- Rate of Salary Increase an annual rate of 2.50%.
- Discount Rate 3.50% Based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-year High Grade Rate Index; previously 3.00% was assumed.
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate The following healthcare cost trend rate assumptions used in the valuation recognize increases due to health care inflation, utilization and intensity, technology and quality of care changes and regulatory requirements.
 - 5.50% 2019/20; 5.40% 2020/21; 5.30% 2021/22; 5.20% 2022/23 through 2044/45;
 5.10% 2045/46; and decreasing 0.1% every 2 years thereafter, based on the first 40 years of the Society of Actuaries Long-Term Health Cost Trends Model baseline assumptions.
- Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Retirees pay the average projected premium for the entire group of retirees.

Mortality rates were separate as pre-retirement mortality and post-retirement mortality. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on PubT.H.2000 Employee (Male and Female weighted by headcount) as published by the Society of Actuaries; previously RPH-2014 Employee (Male and Female weighted by amount), as published by the Society of Actuaries. Post-retirement mortality rates are based on PubT.H.2000 Healthy Annuitant (Male and Female weighted by headcount) as published by the Society of Actuaries; previously RPH-2014 Healthy Annuitant (Male and Female weighted by amount), as published by the Society of Actuaries. Mortality Improvement adjustments are based on Scale MP-2018 (Male and Female) as published by the Society of Actuaries, fully generational; previously Scale MP-2016 (Male and Female), as published by the Society of Actuaries, fully generational.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10. Other Post-Employment Benefits - District's Single Employer Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the district calculated using the discount rate of 3.50%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage higher (4.50%) than the current rate:

			Current		
	6 Decrease 2.50%	Dis	scount Rate 3.50%	19	% Increase 4.50%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 565,884	\$	520,775	\$	480,815

Sensitivity of the District's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the district calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of (5.50% decreasing to 4.70%), as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1.00% lower or 1.00% higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.50% decreasing to 3.70%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (5.50% decreasing to 4.70%	1% Increase (6.50% increasing to 5.70%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 441,845	\$ 520,775	\$ 610,539

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan

System Administration

PSERS's administrative staff administers a defined-benefit pension plan, and two post-employment healthcare programs, the Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance) and the Health Options Program (HOP) for its retirees. PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined-benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public-school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (Commonwealth). The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public-school employees; part-time hourly public-school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year; and part-time per-diem public-school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. The HOP is a PSERS-sponsored, voluntary health insurance program for the sole benefit of PSERS retirees, spouses of retirees, and survivor annuitants and their dependents who participate in the HOP. The HOP is funded exclusively by the premiums paid by its participants for the benefit coverage they elect.

The control and management of the PSERS, including the investment of its assets, is vested in the Board of Trustees (Board). The Commonwealth's General Assembly has the authority to amend the benefit terms of PSERS by passing bills in the Senate and House of Representatives and sending them to the Governor for approval.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided - Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance which, is a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer other post-employment benefit plan (OPEB) for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2019, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of the PSERS can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Either have 24 ½ or more years of service, or
- Are a disabled retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age, and
- Participate in the HOP or employer-sponsored health insurance program.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Employer Contributions

The Districts' contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was 0.84% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$26,678 the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$474,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.0223% percent, which was a decrease of 0.0007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$15,000. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows			Inflows
	of Resources		of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	3,000	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		16,000		14,000
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		1,000		-
Changes in proportion		-		30,000
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate				
share of total contributions		-		2,000
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		27,000		-
	\$	47,000	\$	46,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

\$27,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Amount
2021	\$ (6,000)
2022	(7,000)
2023	(6,000)
2024	(7,000)
2025	1,000
Thereafter	(1,000)
	\$ (26,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS' total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial-cost method Entry-Age Normal level % of pay.
- Investment return 2.79% S&P 20-Year Municipal Bond Rate.
- Salary growth Effective average of 5.00%, comprised of inflation of 2.75% and 2.25% for real-wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Morality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Participation rate:
 - o Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre-age 65 at 50%
 - o Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post-age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial-experience study that was performed for the five years ended June 30, 2015.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation at June 30, 2016, determined the employer-contribution rate for fiscal year 2019.
- Cost Method: Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- Asset-valuation method: Market Value.
- Participation rate: 63.00% of eligible retirees are assumed to elect premium assistance.
- Mortality rates and retirement ages were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 years for both males and females for healthy annuitants and for dependent beneficiaries. For disabled annuitants, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females for disabled annuitants. (A unisex table based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables with age set back 3 years for both genders assuming the population consists of 25.00% males and 75.00% females is used to determine actuarial-equivalent benefits.)

Investments

Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric, real rates-of-return for each asset class.

The OPEB plan's policy regarding allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient to pay Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

		Long-Term,
	Target	Expected, Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate-of-Return
Cash	13.2%	0.2%
U.S. Core Fixed Income	83.1%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed Fixed	3.7%	0.0%
	100.0%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset-allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates-of-return for each major asset class at June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 2.79%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments; therefore, the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 2.79%, which represents the S&P 20-Year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2019, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 2.79%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (1.79%) or 1-percentage point higher (3.79%) than the current discount rate:

				Current		
	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1	% Increase
		1.79%		2.79%		3.79%
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	540,000	\$	474,000	\$	420,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - PSERS Cost Sharing Plan (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Change in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2019, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. As of June 30, 2019, the actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for June 30, 2019, calculated using current healthcare cost trends as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if the health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Cu	rrent Trend	19	% Increase
	(Between 4.00%		(Between 4.00% Rates (Between		(Bet	ween 6.00%
	to 6.50%)		5.00% to 7.50%)		(6) to 8.50%)	
District's proportionate share of the						
net OPEB liability	\$	474,000	\$	474,000	\$	474,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the PSERS' website at www.psers.pa.gov.

Plan Payables

At June 30, 2020, the District owes PSERS \$9,360 which includes staff payroll accruals and the quarterly contribution for 2020's second quarter.

Note 12. Joint Ventures

Franklin County Career and Technology Center (FCCTC): FCCTC provides vocational technical training and education to participating students of the member districts. The District is one of six member school districts participating in the operation of FCCTC. FCCTC is operated, administered and managed by a joint operating committee consisting of board members from the six member school districts. Member districts are responsible for funding the major portion of FCCTC's operating budget. The District's share of annual operating costs for FCCTC is based on the number of students attending the school from the District and is reflected as instructional expenditures of the District's General Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District paid \$77,924 for its estimated share of the operating budget. Complete financial information for FCCTC can be obtained from the Administrative Office at 2463 Loop Road, Chambersburg, PA 17202.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Franklin County Career and Technology Center (FCCTC) (Continued): School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2011, dated June 29, 2011, was issued by the Pennsylvania State Public School Building Authority (Authority) to pay the costs of a capital project consisting of the planning, designing, renovating, constructing, furnishing and equipping the FCCTC and to pay the costs and expenses of such financing. FCCTC and the six member school districts have entered into a lease agreement with the Authority, and each school district will pay its proportionate share of the rentals in order to fund the Series of 2011 debt. As of June 30, 2020, the District's pro-rata share represented 2.53% of total market value, which resulted in a lease rental payment to FCCTC in the amount of \$23,169, which is included in the instructional expenditures of the District's General Fund. The District's lease rental principal balance payable as of June 30, 2020, was \$284,372.

The annual requirements to amortize the School Building Revenue Bonds, Series of 2011 recorded on the books of the FCCTC, and upon which the annual lease payments of FCCTC are based, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	P	Principal		Principal Interest		Total	
2021	\$	390,000	\$	\$ 525,784		915,784	
2022		405,000		510,184		915,184	
2023		425,000		493,984		918,984	
2024		440,000		476,984		916,984	
2025		460,000		459,384		919,384	
2026-2030	2	2,595,000		1,985,554		4,580,554	
2031-2035	3	3,270,000		1,317,620		4,587,620	
2036-2039	3	3,255,000		416,750		3,671,750	
	\$ 11	,240,000	\$	6,186,244	\$ 1	17,426,244	

<u>Franklin Learning Center</u>: Franklin Learning Center is a separate entity organized by five local school districts to provide special education services in Franklin County. Each of the participating school districts appoints members to serve on the joint operating committee. The number of members appointed is based on average daily membership by each school district. Each school district has an ongoing financial responsibility to fund the Center's operations. Total payments made to the Center for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$51,333.

<u>Lincoln Intermediate Unit #12</u>: Lincoln Intermediate Unit #12 is a separate legal entity organized by constituent school districts in York, Adams and Franklin counties to provide services to the school districts. Each member school district appoints members to serve on the Board of Directors of the Intermediate Unit. The District contracts with the Intermediate Unit primarily for special education services and training. Total payments made to the Intermediate Unit for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$456,834.

Complete financial statements for each of the entities described above can be obtained from the respective administrative office. The District has no equity interest in the above joint ventures.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 13. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The District has purchased commercial insurance to cover general liability, directors and officer's liability, unemployment compensation and workers' compensation. For these insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current or three prior years.

The District is a member of the Tuscarora Intermediate Unit Capital Insurance Trust (TIUCIT), a public entity risk pool, for its employees' medical insurance. The member districts of TIUCIT elect trustees to manage it, and the risk is shared among all members. TIUCIT self-insures health and medical, dental and vision coverage. Stop-loss insurance is used for major medical claims exceeding \$200,000. Premiums charged in excess of claims paid and administrative costs are deposited into a premium stabilization fund. Additional premiums could be charged to make up any deficiencies in this fund. Provisions are in effect to refund any excess monies if a member withdraws or the trust be dissolved. At June 30, 2019, the latest audited information available, TIUCIT has cash to cover future claims of approximately \$4.0 million. Premiums paid to TIUCIT for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$952,524. Separate financial statements are prepared for and available from the TIUCIT.

All expenditures for the District's risk management are recorded in the General or Food Service Fund.

Note 14. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and Federal programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2020, may be impaired. In the District's opinion, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District approved generator projects at the Elementary School and at the Middle/High School. At June 30, 2020, the estimated cost to complete these projects is \$206,250.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

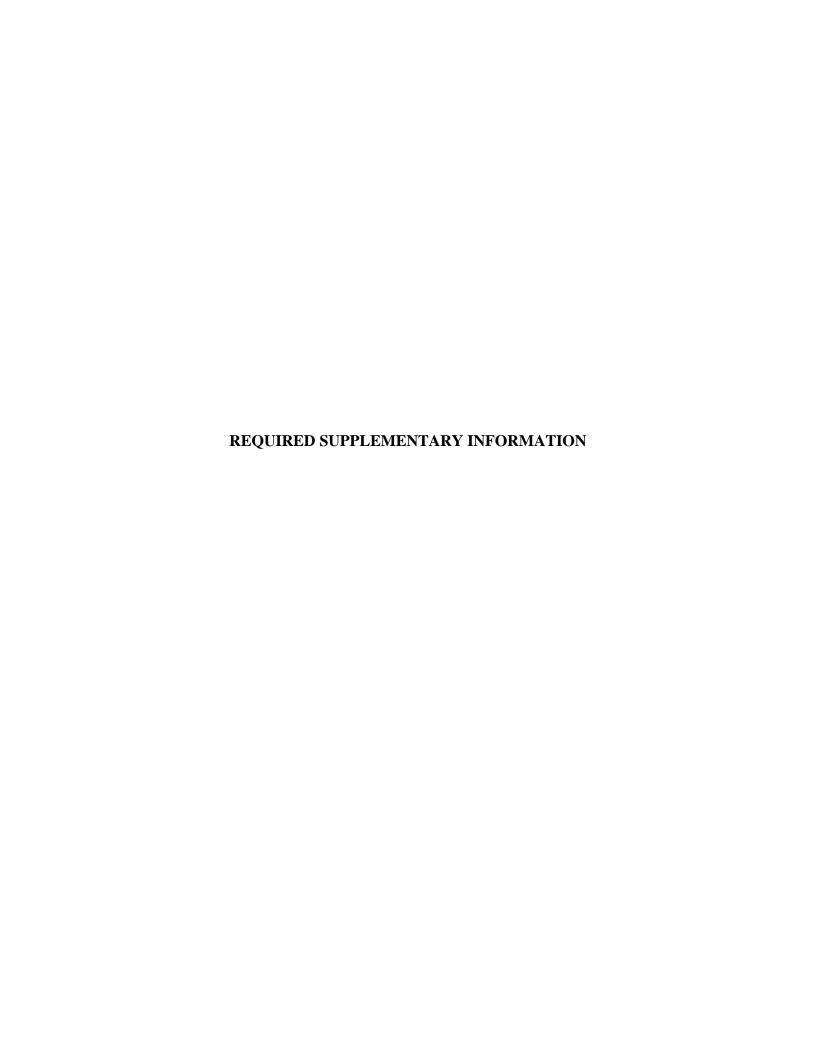
Note 15. Leases

The District is party to non-cancelable leases for copiers. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2020, was \$19,200. At June 30, 2020, the District has the following future minimum payments on these leases:

Year	Amount
2020-2021	\$ 12,800

Note 16. Subsequent Events

Recent developments arising from the coronavirus pandemic and efforts to mitigate the disease's domestic and global impacts have impacted the operations and finances of school districts. Changes in service approach, labor and personnel changes, facility closings, contracted service disruptions, personal protective equipment purchases, and technological equipment acquisitions have affected all school districts. Unstable conditions enhance school district's risk factors as they have significant reliance on revenues from taxpayers and governmental agencies to fund their operations. These factors impact revenue recognition, cash flows and liquidity, and contingencies. Presently, the ultimate, effects of this crisis on financial position, results of operations, and cash flows are indeterminable because the duration of the crisis is also indeterminable; however, management continues to monitor developments.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION -SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Years Ended June 30,

2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 District's proportion of the net pension liability 0.0223% 0.0230% 0.0231% 0.0244% 0.0237% 0.0233% District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$10,433,000 \$11,409,000 \$ 9,222,308 \$11,041,000 \$12,092,000 \$10,265,728 District's covered payroll \$ 3,073,079 \$ 3,096,362 \$ 3,075,213 \$ 3,161,399 \$ 3,051,788 \$ 2,973,108 District's proportionate share of net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 339.50% 356.58% 371.00% 382.49% 336.38% 310.19% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 54.00% 51.84% 50.14% 54.36% 57.24% 55.66%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement period year-end that was used for the fiscal year. For PSERS, the measurement period year-end is one year prior to the fiscal year-end.

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS Years Ended June 30,

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,062,376	\$ 997,769	\$ 1,004,904	\$ 895,775	\$ 804,014	\$ 609,101
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(1,062,376)	(997,769)	(1,004,904)	(895,775)	(804,014)	(609,101)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,182,721	\$ 3,073,504	\$ 3,096,362	\$ 3,075,213	\$ 3,161,594	\$ 3,051,788
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	33.38%	32.46%	32.45%	29.13%	25.43%	19.96%

This schedule will be expanded to show 10 fiscal years once information becomes available in the future.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DISTRICT'S SINGLE EMPLOYER PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

		2020	2019	2018	
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$	6,187	\$ 6,683	\$	9,107
Interest		13,037	13,165		11,728
Differences between expected and actual experience		92,357	-		(23,557)
Changes of assumptions		(11,149)	-		186,486
Benefit payments		(24,286)	 (21,454)		(43,322)
Net change in total OPEB liability		76,146	(1,606)		140,442
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		444,599	446,205		305,763
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	520,745	\$ 444,599	\$	446,205
District's covered payroll	\$ 2	2,375,742	\$ 2,425,165	\$	2,366,015
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		21.92%	18.33%		18.86%

Notes to Schedule:

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: The discount rate changed from 3.00% as of June 30, 2018, to 3.50% as of June 30, 2019. The trend assumption was updated. Assumptions for salary, mortality, withdrawal and retirement were updated based on new PSERS assumptions.

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is shown.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - PSERS COST SHARING PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

	2020	2019	0.0231%	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0223%	0.0230%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 474,000	\$ 480,000	\$ 471,000	
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,073,079	\$ 3,096,362	\$ 3,075,213	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	15.42%	15.50%	15.32%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%	

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is shown.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS PSERS COST SHARING PLAN

Years Ended June 30,

		2020	2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	26,678	\$	25,428	\$	26,279
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(26,678)	\$	(25,428)	\$	(26,279)
District's covered payroll	\$ 3,182,721		\$ 3,073,504		\$ 3,096,362	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.84%		0.83%		0.85%	

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is shown.